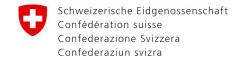


COVID19 RESPONSE, CONTROL AND RESILIENCE IN RWANDA

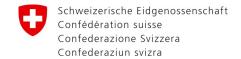
by Aimée Delphine Umurungi

18.08.2022



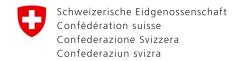
Outline

- 1. General Introduction & Country context
- 2. Swiss support addressing COVID19 pandemic in Rwanda
- 3. Lessons Learnt
- 4. COVID 19 current status



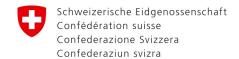
1. General Introduction & Country context

- Preparedness: Rwanda had immediate action before the outbreak
- COVID19 Outbreak in Rwanda: 14th March 2020
- Since the outbreak, government priorities changed
- Response required multi-ministerial approach to reinforce restriction measures but with Ministry of Health taking lead
- Initially, government was covering all charges
- Each province had isolation center but regarding treatment, most cases were referred to Kigali to Specialized Hospitals
- When cases started increasing, each province was required to have a at lease once treatment center / Provincial Hospitals
- When cases became alarming, only patients in critical care were received in Hospitals
- Home-Based Care with support of Community Based Workers



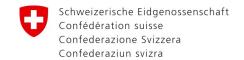
Rwanda Districts





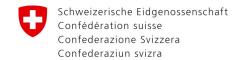
Western Province





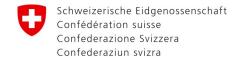
2. Swiss Support

- Epidemiological surveillance
 - Training of healthcare professionals at District Hospital, Health centers
- Infection Prevention and Control (IPC)
 - Acquisition of ICU equipment in KINIHIRA Hospital (North)
 - Rehabilitation of ICU in Kibuye Hospital (Western)
 - ICU equipment: Ventilators, oxygen concentrators, oxygen cylinders and regulators
 - Covid19 laboratory testing capacity
 - Provision of Protective Personal Equipment (PPEs)
 - Construction of washing facilities
- Tracing of cases and evacuation
- Community awareness and behavior change
 - Training of media practitioners
- Data collection
- Contigency plans: development of Modules of CHWs



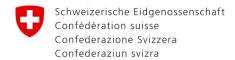
3. Lesson learnt

- High political will & government ownership
- Multi-ministerial interventions brought results
- COVID19 restriction measures were mainstreamed in all sectors
- Rwanda Biomedical Center (RBC) took lead on medical pack (treatment, surveillance, vaccination, ..)
- Ministry of Local Governance (MINALOC) and Rwanda National Police (RNP) played a big role reinforcing restrictions including locak down (barning of social gathering, closing schools, markets, churches, ...) isolation, constant wearing of face masks, constant hand washing, social distancing, ..
- Sustainability: ICU facilities are still in use after the decline in COVID19 cases



3. Swiss Support





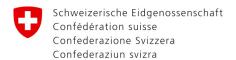
Ambassador's visit at Kibuye ICU







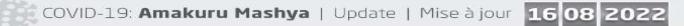




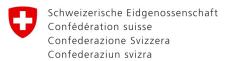


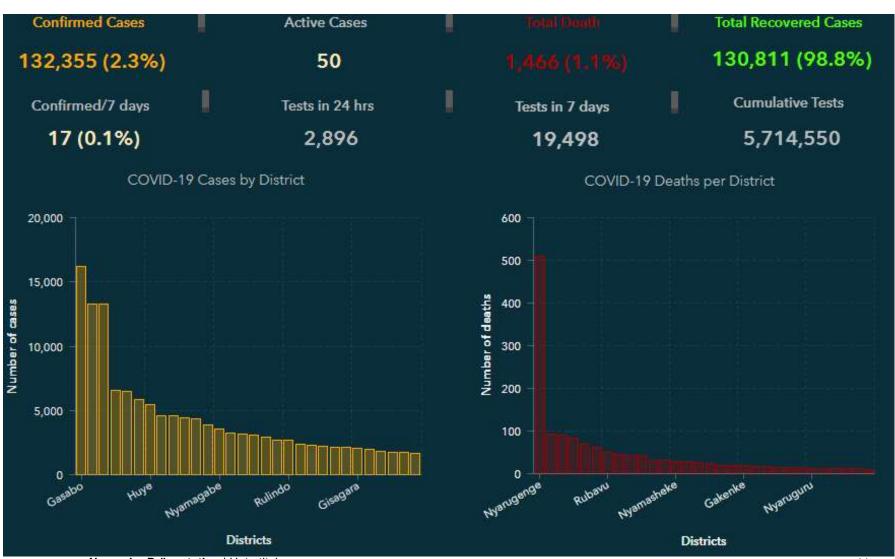
COVID 19 current status

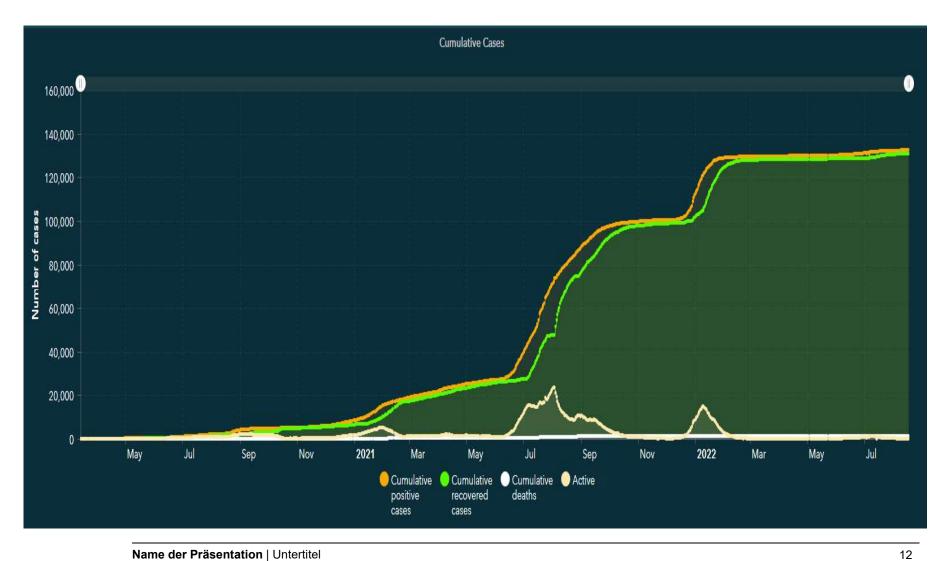


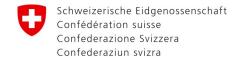


Abanduye Ibipimo byafashwe Confirmed cases Tests conducted Les cas confirmés Tests effectués Uyu munsi Abashya (Ijanisha) 2,440 New cases Today (Positivity rate) 5 (0.2%) Aujourd'hui Nouveaux cas Mu minsi 7 (taux de positivité) 19,539 In the last 7 days Auciurs des 7 derniers jours Abafite ibimenyetso 5 Symptomatic Byose hamwe Symptomatiques 5,711,654 Cumulatively Cumulativement Nta bimenyetso 0 Asymptomatic Asymptomatiques Mu minsi 7 32 (0.2%) In the last 7 days Aucours des 7 derniers jours Cumulative 1st Dose **Cumulative Fully Vaccinated Cumulative Booster Dose** # 9,150,154 (101%) # 8,870,113 (97.9%) # 5,269,254 (58.1%) Abari mu bitaro Abitabye Imana Hospitalized Deaths Hospitalisés Décès Abashya 0 Uyu munsi Nouveaux 0 Today Aulourd'hul Mu minsi 7 in the last 7 days Mu minsi 7 0 Augurs des 7 derni-0 In the last 7 days ers jours Auciurs des 7 derniers jours Abarembye **Bose hamwe** 0 Critical cases Cumulatively 1,466 En état critique Cumulativement









Thank You!