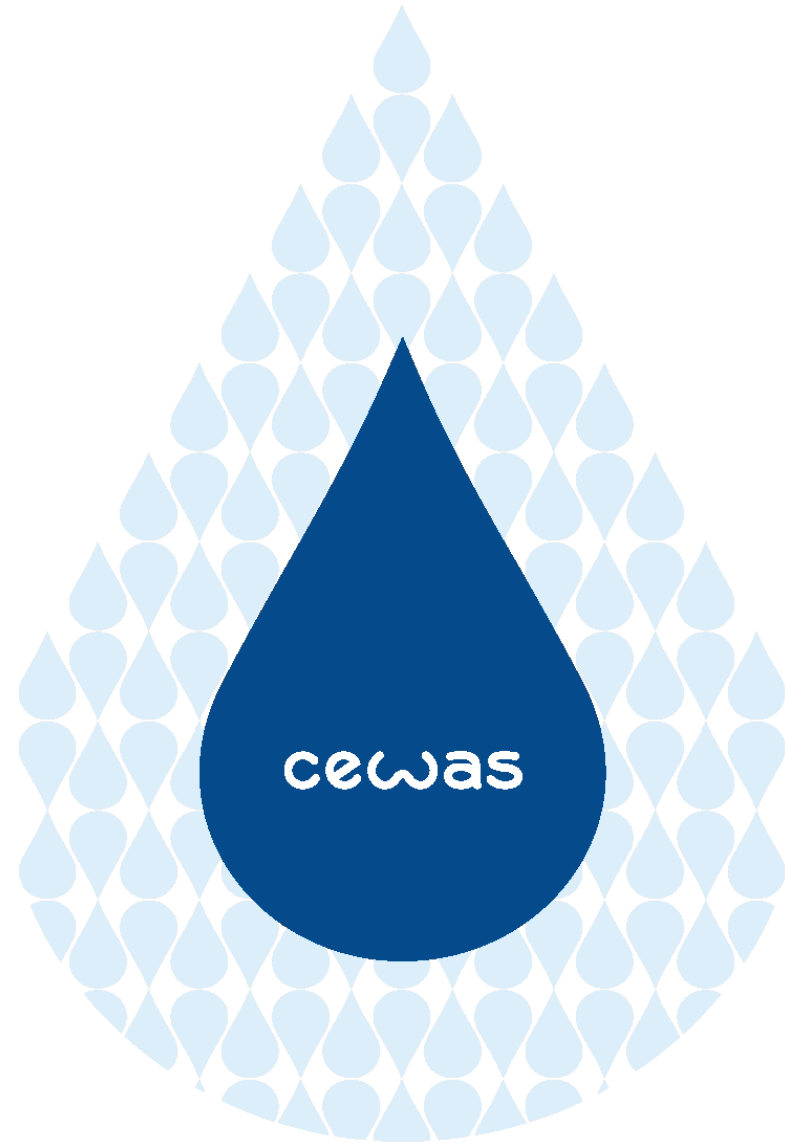


Introduction

Means of Implementation
Linking SDG 6 and 17



28.06.2016, AGUASAN, Switzerland

Janek Hermann-Friede



THERE ARE NO *NEW* MEANS
OF IMPLEMENTATION

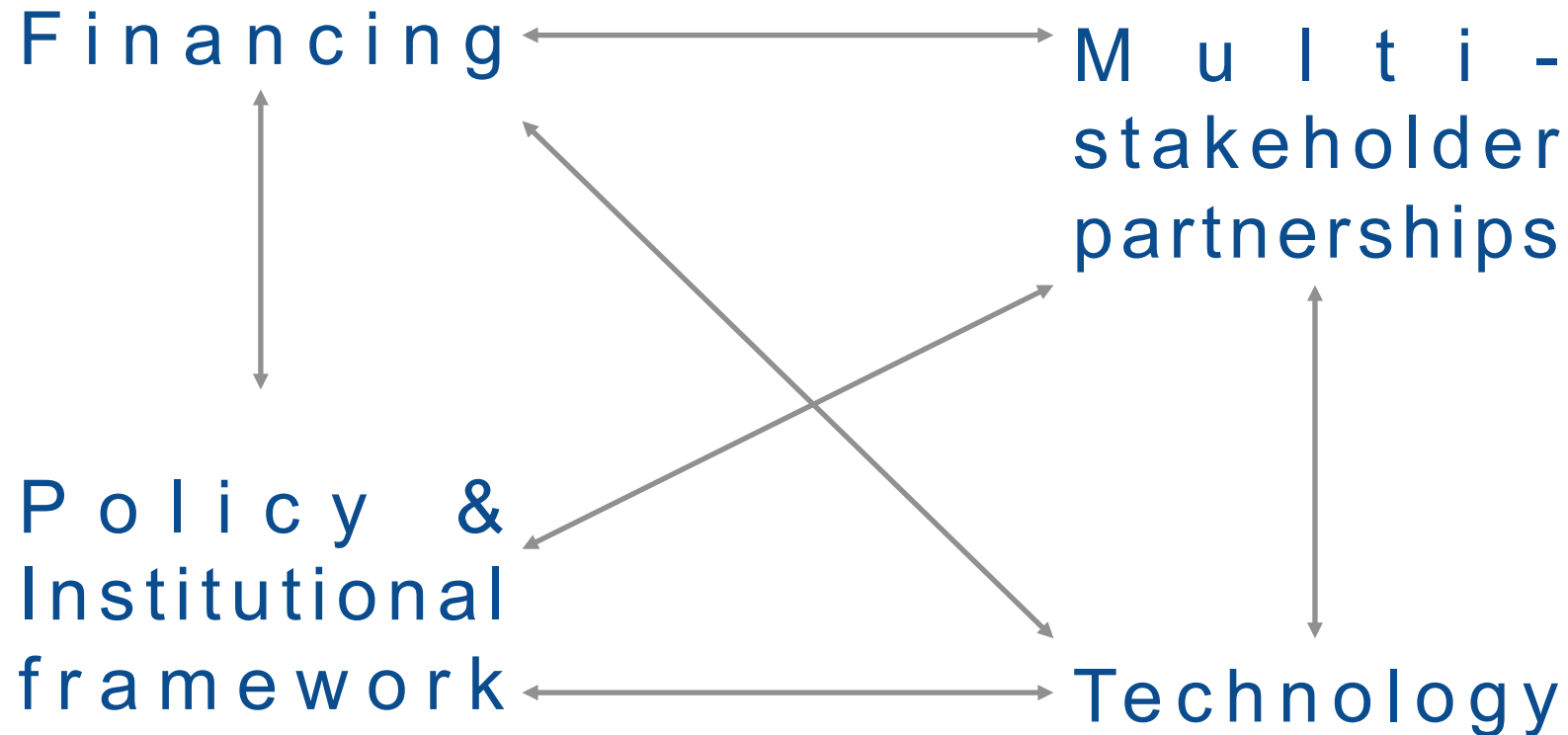
...but the SDGs have new implications



Access for all means we need to continue expanding coverage. But we cannot limit our efforts to this. We equally need to make sure access is sustained and people do not fall back into ,water-poverty'. This means among others that we need to pay more attention to:

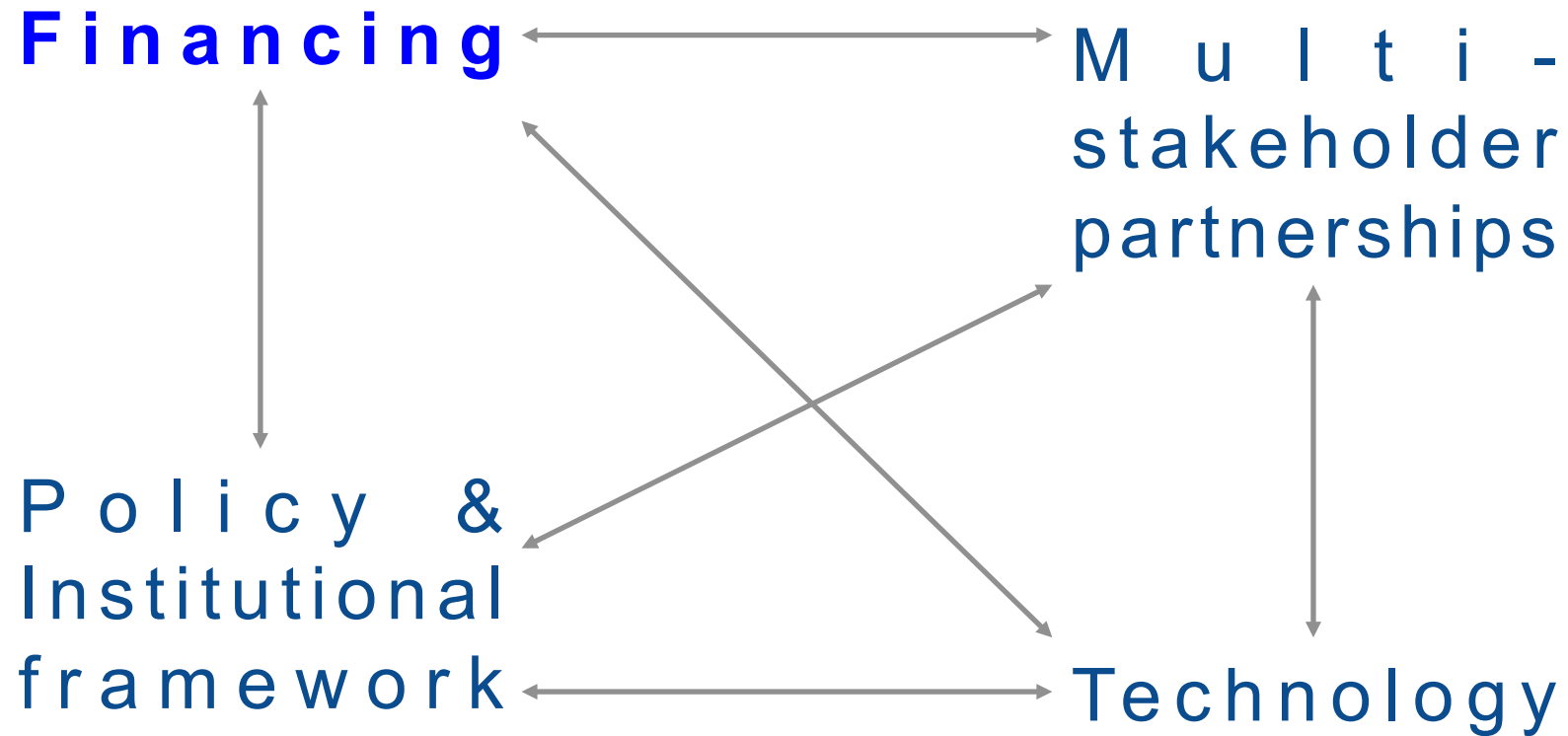
- › effective and sustainable solutions for O&M
- › conservation of water sources
- › measures that gradually reduce vulnerability of service systems

Linking SDG 6 & 17



This presentation will only provide selected insights and is not comprehensively addressing the Means of Implementation for SDG 16

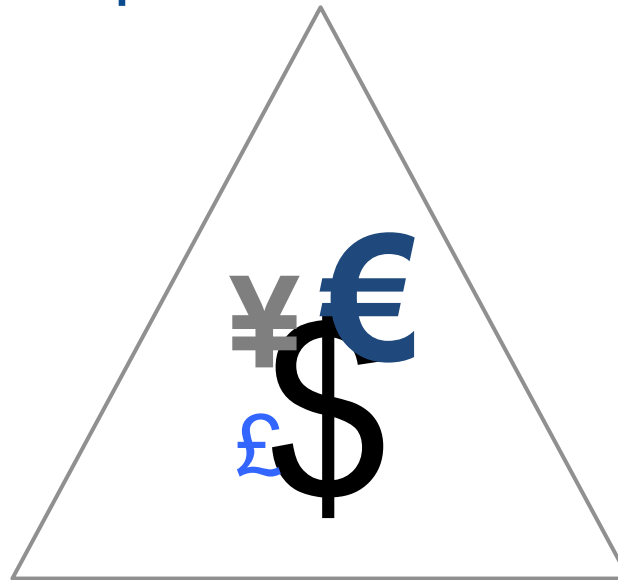
Linking SDG 6 & 17



Exploring new financial resources



Adequate allocation
of public finances



Leveraging
private sector
investments

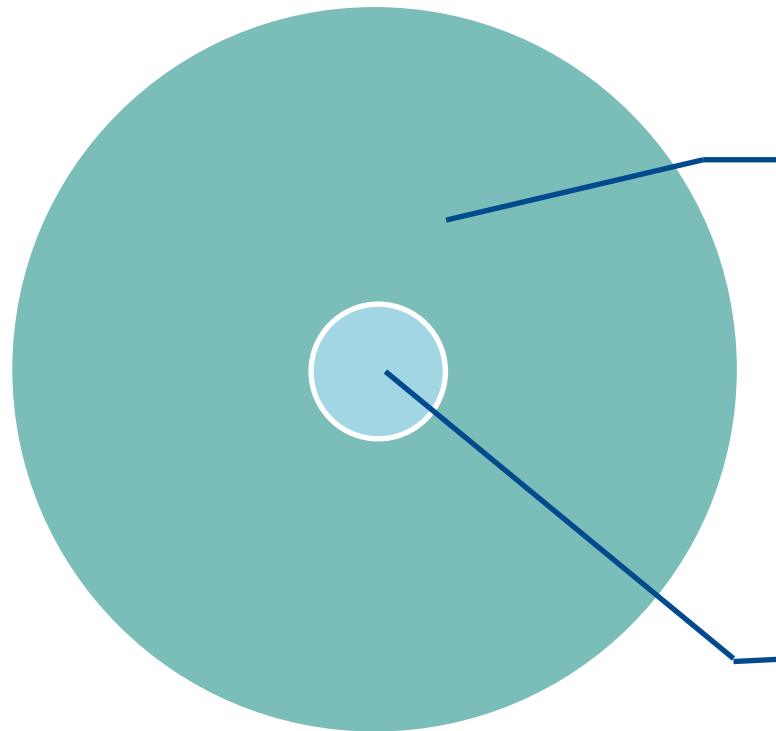
Financial
contributions
of users

Building a socio-economic L&A case



- WHO estimates losses due to inadequate water and sanitation services in developing countries at a total of **US \$260 billion a year – or up to 10% of GDP** for some very poor countries
- University of Oxford recently published evidence indicating that water insecurity is a drag on economic development in the order of **US \$500 billion annually** – excluding environmental and other non-monetized impacts

Building a business case



Basin / Watershed

- Water stress
- Water pollution
- Inadequate infrastructure
- Lack of government capacity
- Climate change
- Lack of community access to safe water

Company

- Water use efficiency
- Wastewater treatment
- Compliance
- Impacts on communities and ecosystems

Sometimes, the greatest risks come from conditions over which a company has the least influence

Thinking beyond WASH services

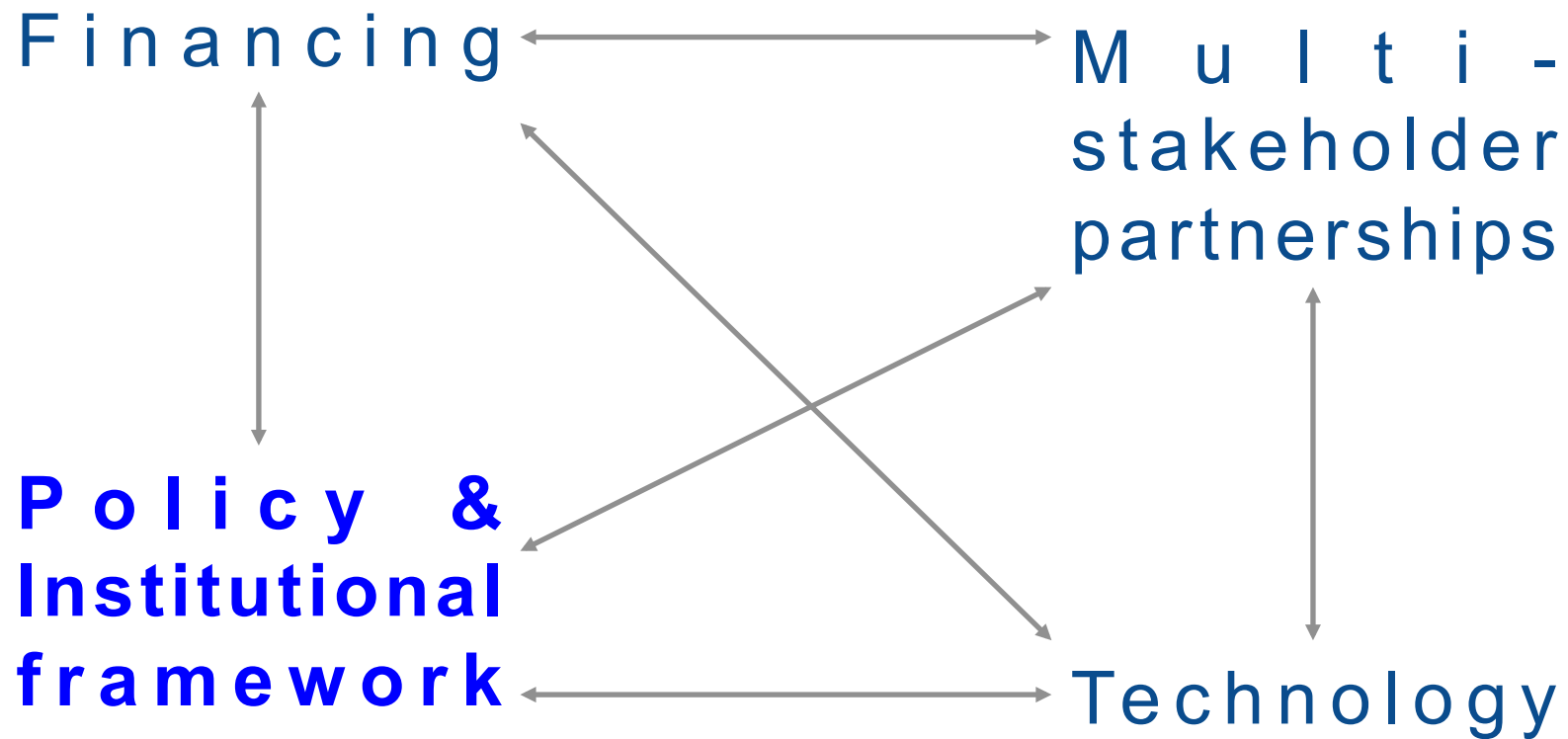


- Should we establish services if the community cannot afford them?
- Pro-poor financing strategies are one important option.
- How can we complement water related activities with efforts to increase willingness and ability to pay? Eventually this is what will make services more sustainable.



Will US\$ 500 billion per year be
enough?

Linking SDG 6 & 17



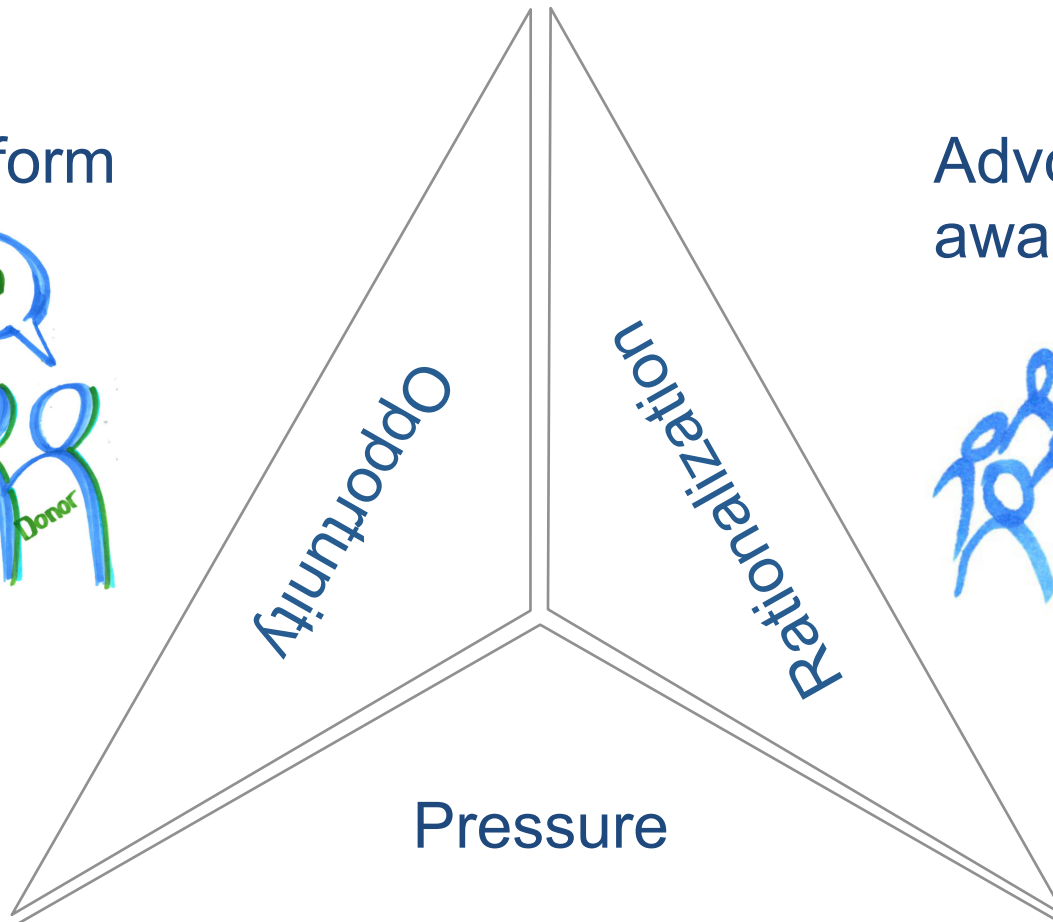
Curbing misuse



Sector reform



Advocacy & awareness raising

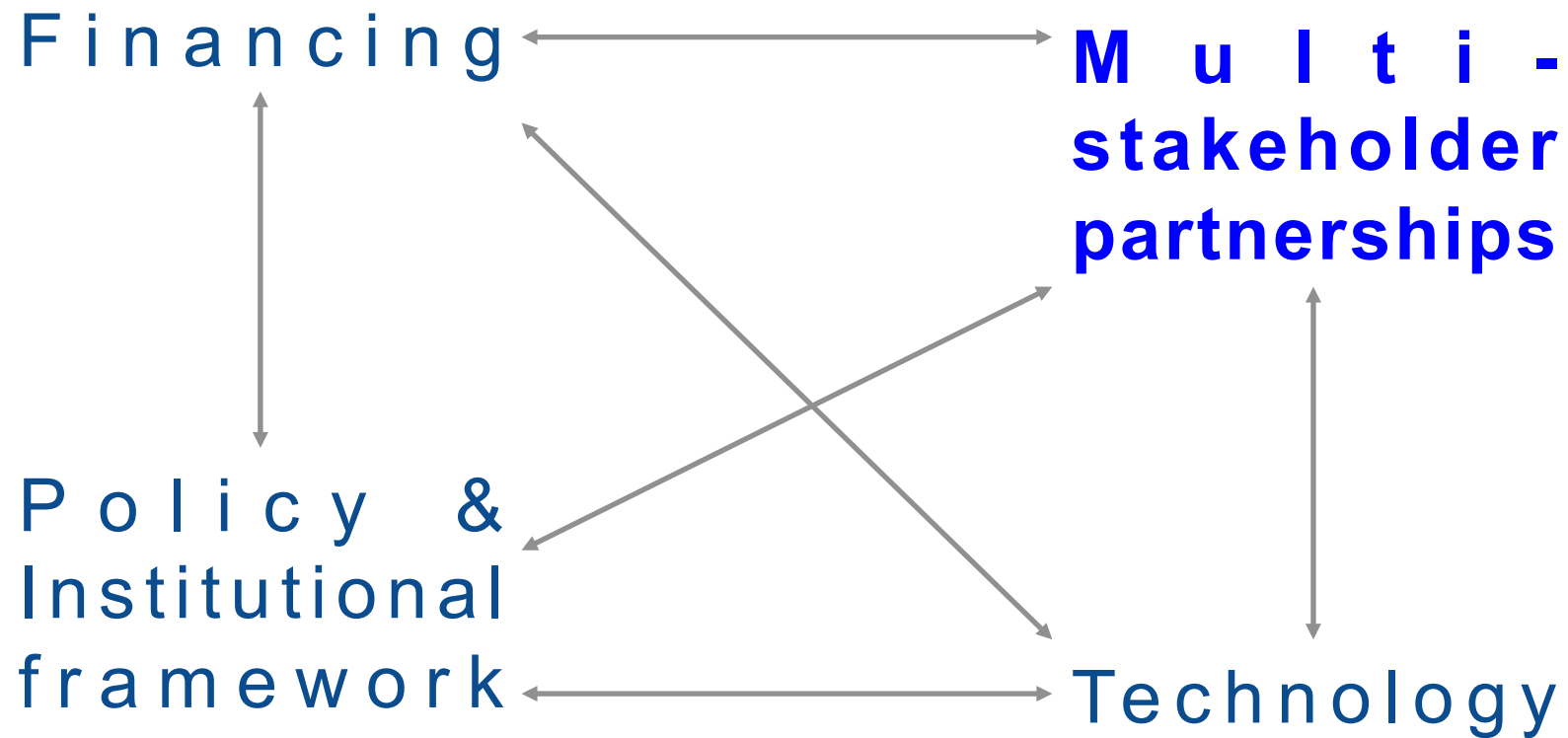


Ensuring coherence and accountability

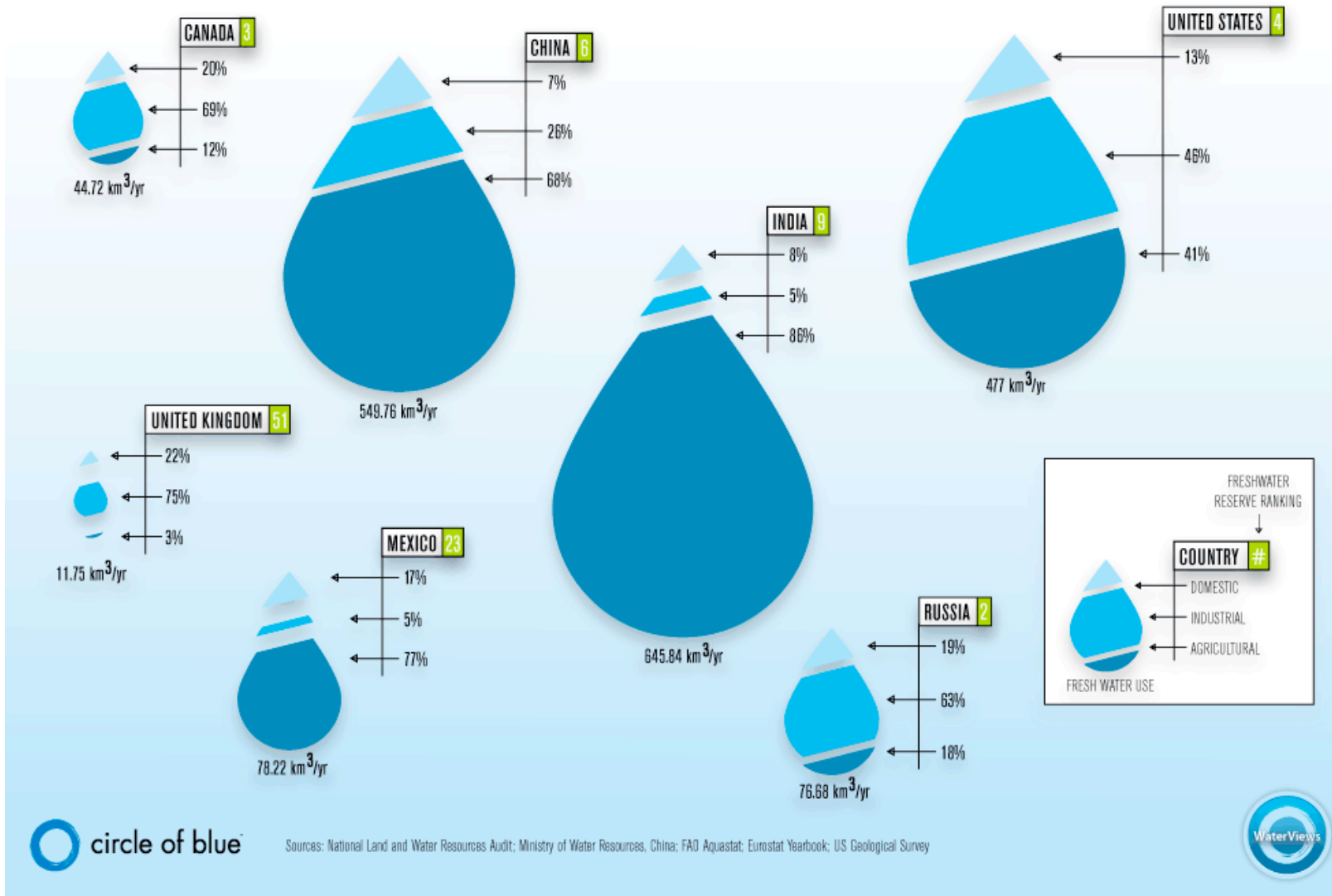


- Continue and move beyond ‘paper-reforms’ towards ensuring that adequate legal and regulatory frameworks are implemented
- Use and disclosure of timely, comprehensive, and forward-looking information for decision-making and informed participation that fosters accountability
- Need to find solutions for sector-inherent challenges: e.g. overcoming discrepancies in demarcations for decentralised decision-making (including WASH) and basin-oriented IWRM approaches

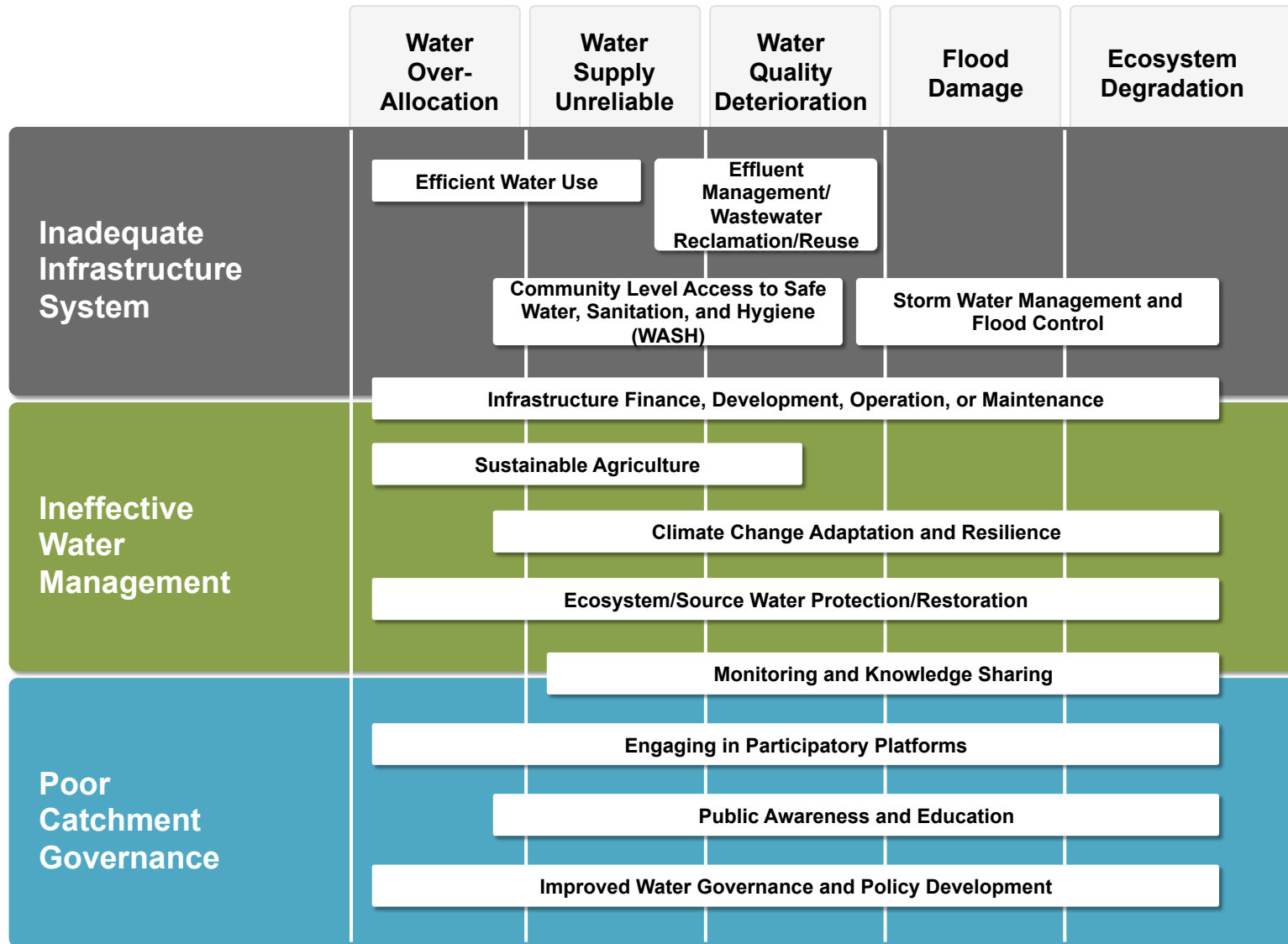
Linking SDG 6 & 17



Water use patterns & need for MSPs

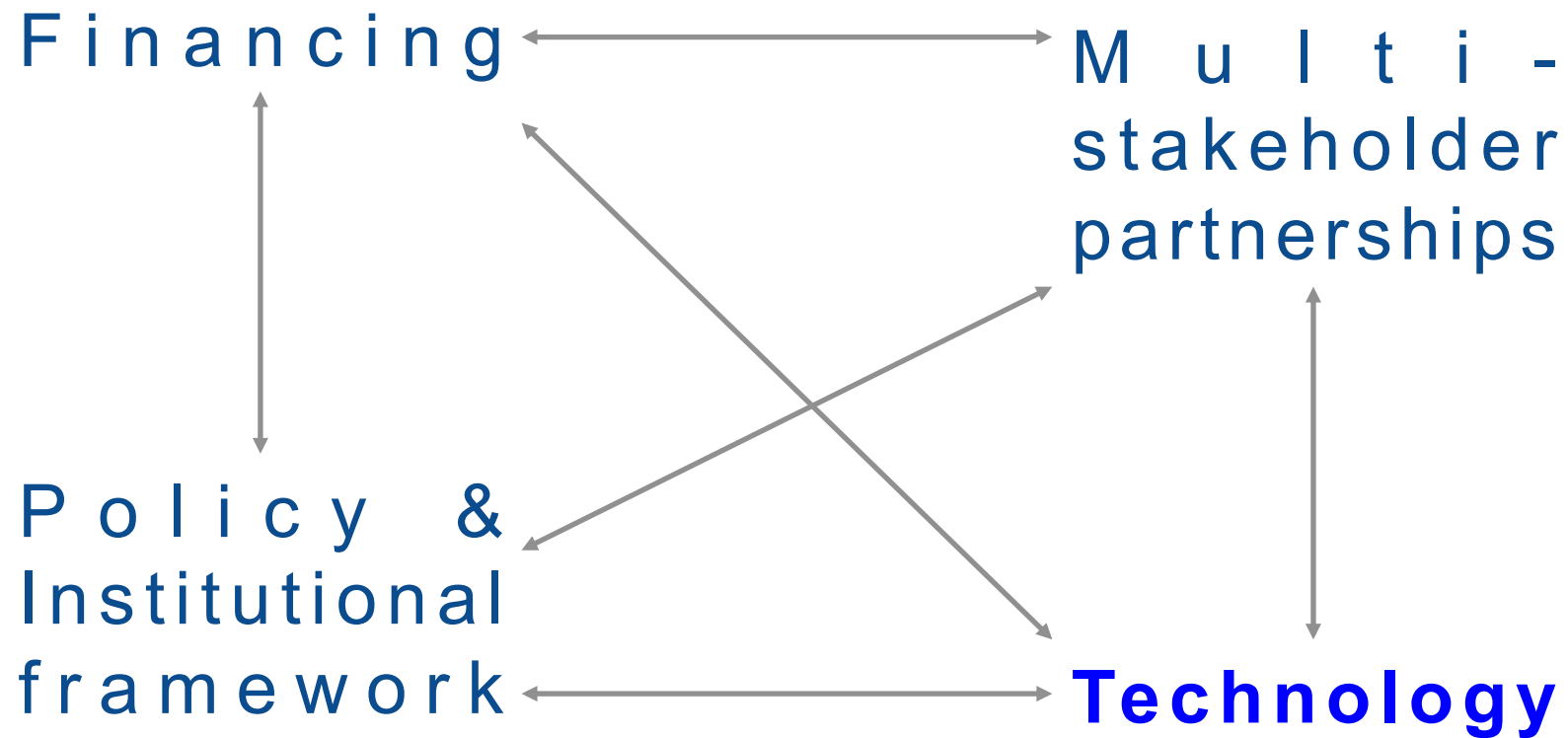


What are shared interests and risks?



Source: CEO Water Mandate

Linking SDG 6 & 17



Technology

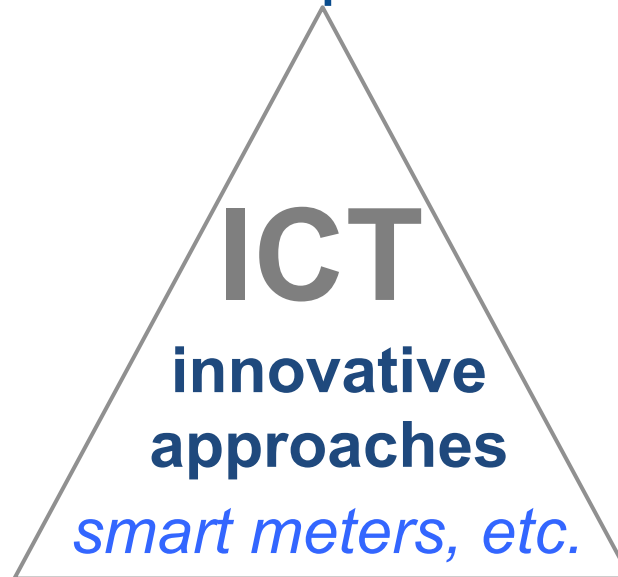


Who of you has used cutting edge technology and really innovative approaches in their projects?

Who of you has used cutting edge technology and really innovative approaches in their projects **and has failed?**



Awareness of tech-
developments



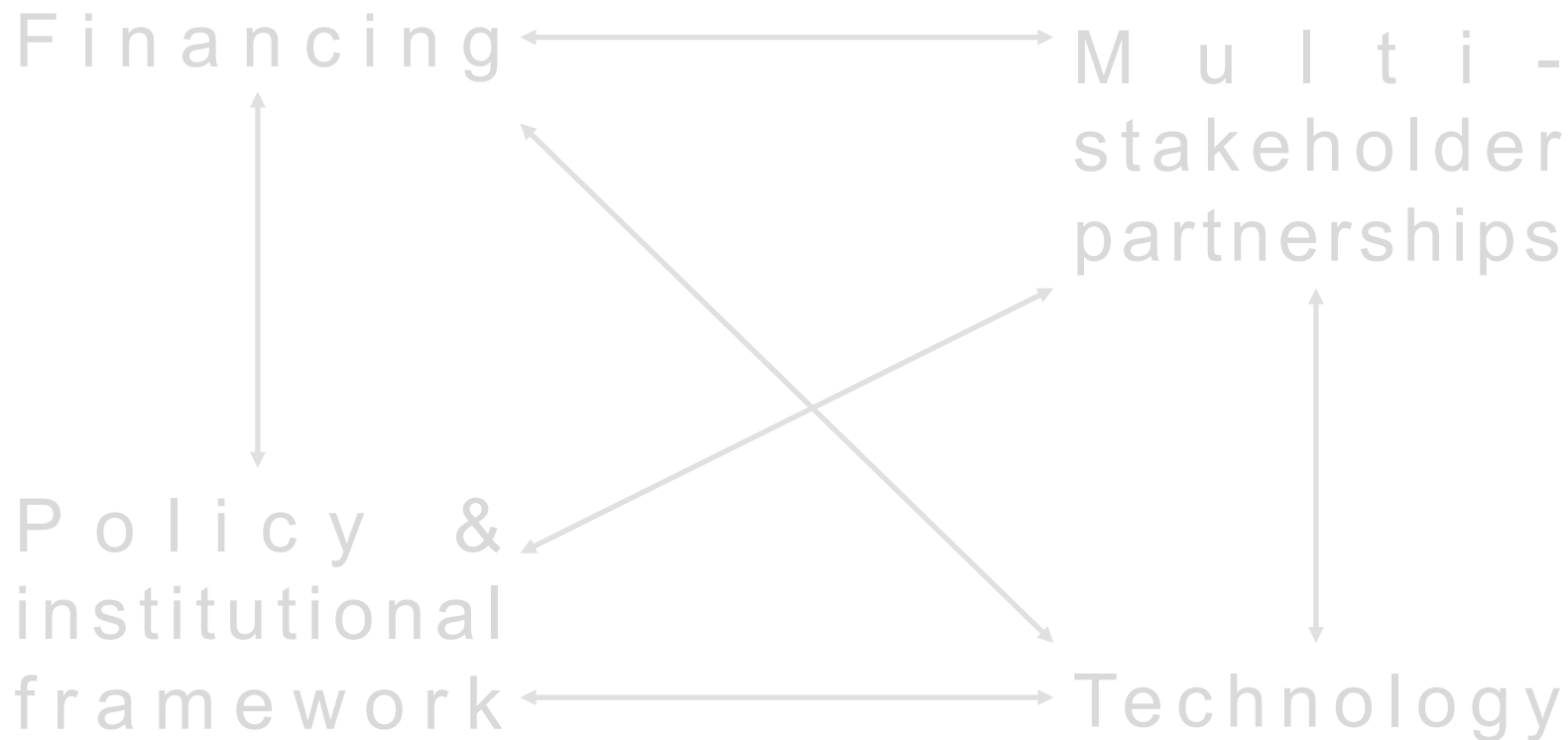
Understanding
the potential of
technologies

Knowledge
management

Linking SDG 6 and 17



A solid base of experience in monitoring and implementation already exists...



...and now needs to be evaluated, adjusted & scaled up.

Thanks



For more information compare e.g. *UN Water (2015) Means of Implementation: A focus on Sustainable Development Goals 6 and 17*