

I have tremendously improved my understanding of...	I don't feel fully knowledgeable of or comfortable with...	I would like to specifically deepen my knowledge of...
+	+	+
embrace positivity and focus on common interests	.. SDC in-house best practices. It was really nice to hear from the Nicaragua casebut I have a feeling it has been more the exception than the rule. There are a lot of contexts that experience dramatic changes with HR breaches and where I feel CH could be a bit more vocal. Can we gather best practices from the Middle East, Africa in general ?	How the relation (and eventual tensions) between HQ-COOFs could be overcome in times of crisis
Communicating on your actions is necessary to avoid misunderstandings on your intentions	how threaten red lines in HR communication and dialogue	how to use HRBA with partners and stakeholders
I learned a lot more on the ways of communication and the types of it	not comfortable with the CH setup in that way that we often seem to lack a proper WOGA approach -- thus: how to better coordinate / cooperate (cannot (only) be done on our level...)	PS: there is a good SDC policy note on working in authoritarian context
more inputs on dialogue with big elephants	how to better communicate on HR contents using other concepts or entry points	to Practice what I learned internally with my colleagues, partners and stakeholders on daily basis
build in contingency in your planning and foresee resources (budget)	...how can we (individually and as Switzerland in a WOGA view) become better in communication (as only few of us are natural born communicators)	on communication for development
how to communicate about HR in a tense setting	where exactly are my "red lines" as swiss embassy staff? how much are we allowed to openly say/criticise?	different interests also inside CH (Woga Partners) on HR questions (Migration, etc.)
Speak/involve your local team for do's & don'ts	how to frame human rights contents in alternative communication	how to use CSPM tools as an art of "Lessons learnt"- see Nicaragua's example
not improved, but rather confirmed: the importance of communication for our work	adaptive management	how to combine policy dialogues (protection dialogue) with the political agenda of CH? who should do the 'sensitive talks' (Ambassador, Head of SDC in a Country, programm Officers, etc.)
ideas on how to hold a dialogue on HR with an authoritarian government	key to include beneficiaries to any communication at any stage.	how to balance HR messaging in practice in a given context where talking about HR is sensitive
staying engaged and how it challenges all WOGA partners to engage	communication depends on the stakeholder in front of you (beneficiaries, ministers, etc.	has there ever been a case where CH pulled out of a country because "the red lines" have been crossed?
adaptive management	conflict-sensitive communication about HR is key	staying engaged
key to include beneficiaries to any communication at any stage.	staying engaged and communicating about HR	how to best frame human rights language into alternative communication bits in contexts in which explicit Human Rights talk is delicate
communication depends on the stakeholder in front of you (beneficiaries, ministers, etc.	How to balance communication about human rights depending who you speak to but without giving up on a HR dialogue	
conflict-sensitive communication about HR is key	communication on HR - analyse first the landscape of the country on HR commitment. which treaties are ratified? what are the UPR recommendations accepted by the state? etc.	
staying engaged and communicating about HR		
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communication and HR

Nicaragua...

communication about human rights

staying engaged - thanks to a very illustrative example