

#### WS Nepal: CEDRIG Training Course - January 19 to 23, 2014

# CEDRIG Climate, Environment and Disaster Risk Reduction Integration Guidance

#### Introduction









#### **Outlook**

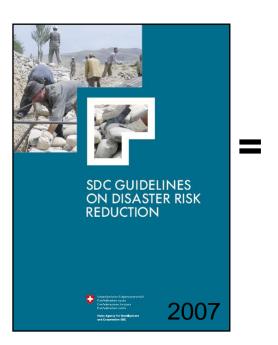
- 1. Background
- 2. What is CEDRIG Objectives
- 3. About the Guidance
- 4. Methodology
- 5. Supporting materials
- 6. Links



#### Policies' and guidelines



- Promote comprehension of CC and development
- Approaches to integrate CCA
- Practical ways to reduce vulnerabilities to CC

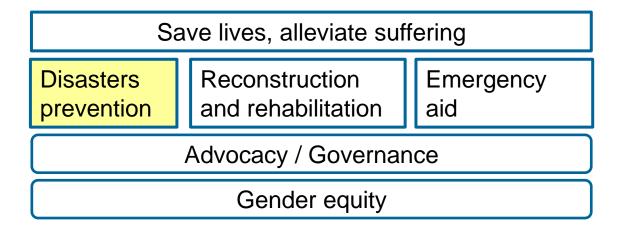


- Response to the HFA
- Protect achievements of development
- Avoid accumulation of new risks and vulnerabilities



#### **Background:** meanwhile

Message 2013 – 2016 (HA)





Disaster prevention is essential for a sustainable and stable development

#### **What is CEDRIG - Objectives**

- Tool developed by the Networks CCE and DRR with the support of INFRAS
- CEDRIG is an approach to support SDC staff and their project partners to answer the following questions:
  - Are there any significant risks for the actual or planed activity?
  - The actual of planed activity has a significant impact on greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions and/or the environment?
- Objectives
  - Increase the resilience and reduce the negatives impact of the activity
  - Improve the resilience capacities of natural systems and communities
  - Integrate Climate, Environment and DRR in the development cooperation
  - Address disasters caused by climate, climate change, environmental degradation and/or tectonic activities



## Part I: Aim, Concept and Support Material of CEDRIG

- Rationale and framework of CEDRIG
- Procedural and institutional information
- key definitions and explanations as well as supporting materials

#### Part II: CEDRIG Handbook

- Self-explanatory and handson guidance
- Guidance through the process
- Has 3 modules with
  - ✓ Aim



Aim

✓ Instructions



What to do

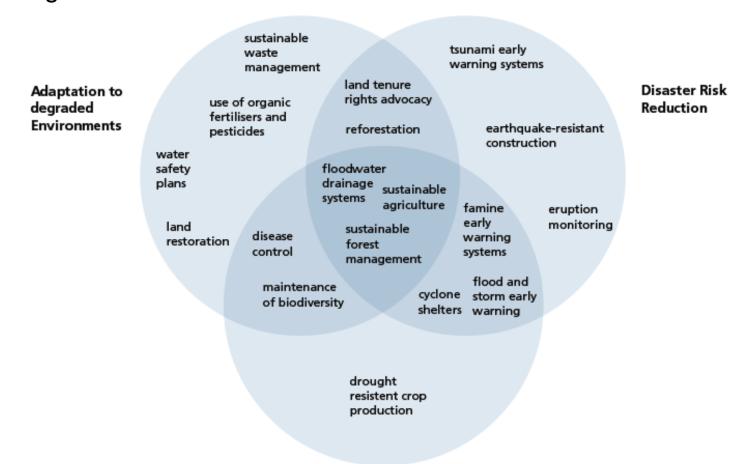
✓ Tables



Results

### **♥** Three tematic overlaps – One focus

 Disaster risks (vulnerabilities) can be reduced by CCA, adaptation to degraded environments and DRR



Adaptation to Climate Change

Source: adaptation from Tearfund 7

#### Two perspectives: Risks and Impacts

#### Risk perspective

(risk for the activity)

Advise to manage the potential risks of disasters

#### **Impact perspective**

(Impact of the activity)

Advise to reduce potential impacts (on GHG and on the environment)

#### Risk Perspective

Adaptation to Climate Change

Adaptation to degraded Environments

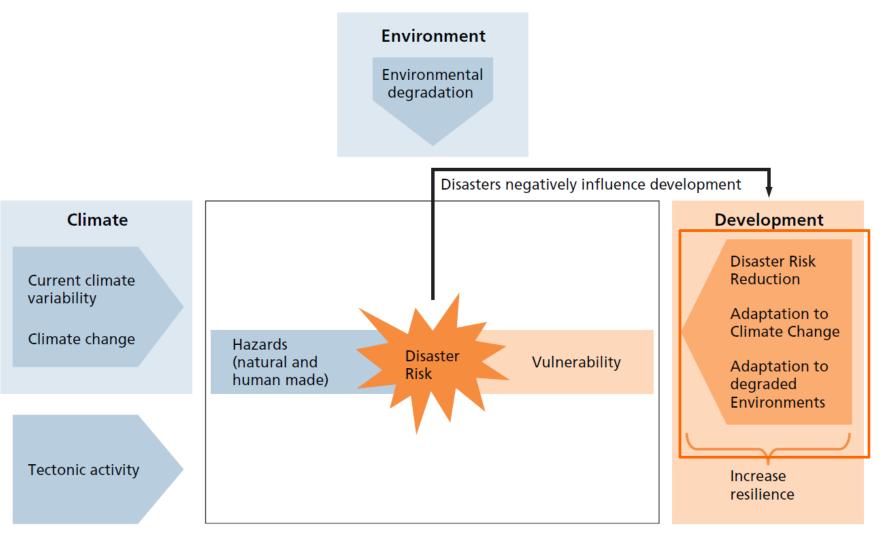
Disaster Risk Reduction

#### Impact Perspective

Climate Change Mitigation

Environmental Impact Mitigation

## Risk perspective



### **CEDRIG** principles

#### **Principle 1**

#### OECD guidance and the HFA as references

#### **Principle 2:**

Modular approach and flexibility

- Module 1: Risks and Impact Screening
- Module 2: Detailed Assessment at Strategic and Programmatic Level
- Module 3: Detailed Assessment at Project Level

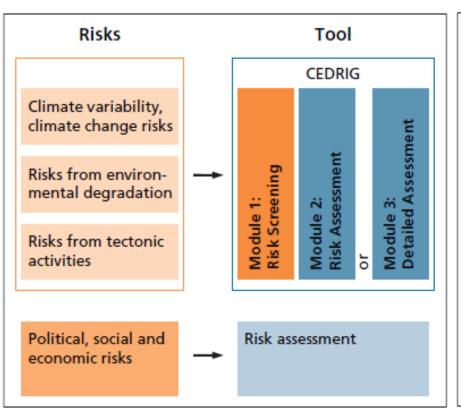
#### Principle 3: Integration in SDC standard procedures and PCM

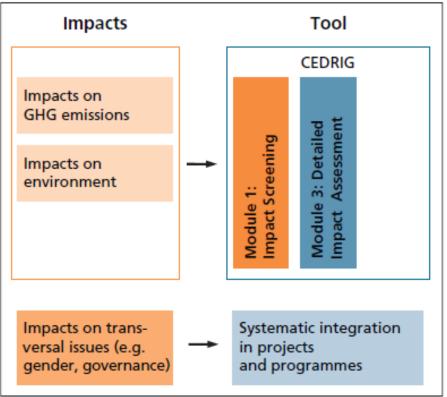
- What: Strategies, programs and projects
- When: Preparation of a new strategy, program or project or in a new face or strategy, program or project
- How: Integration in the risk analysis, project documents and logical frame



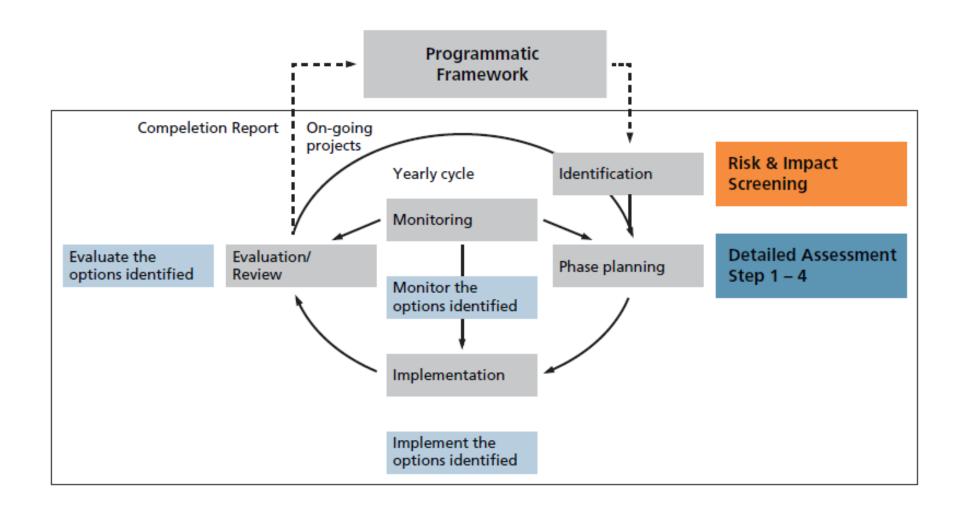
#### Risk perspective

#### **Impact perspective**





## **Untegration** in the PCM



#### Adaptation – development context

#### Integrating Adaptation to Climate Change and DRR into development cooperateion

Vulnerability focus Impact focus Confronting Addressing the drivers Building response Managing climate of vulne rability capacity change and climate change and disasterrisks disaster risk Activities seek to reduce Activities seek to build Activities seek to Activities seek to address poverty and other robust systems for incorporate climate impacts associated non-climatic stressors problem-solving and disaster information exclusively with climate change and/or disaster risk that make people into decision-making vulnerable

Traditional development funding

New and additional adaptation funding

Source: adaptation from McGray

#### **CEDRIG** modules

**Module 1:** Risk and impact screening

Filter to assess whether activities are at significant risk and need a detail assessment

Module 2: Detailed Assessment at Strategic and

**Programmatic Level** 

Only risk perspective

Risk assessment Lens

Module 3: Detailed Assessment at Project Level

Risk and Impact perspective

Detail evaluation of risks and impacts

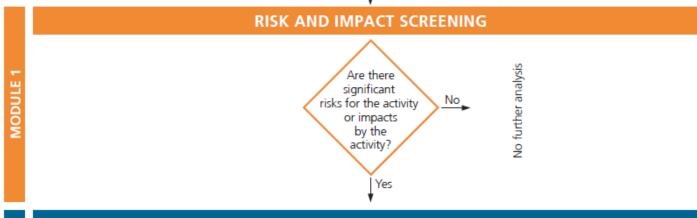


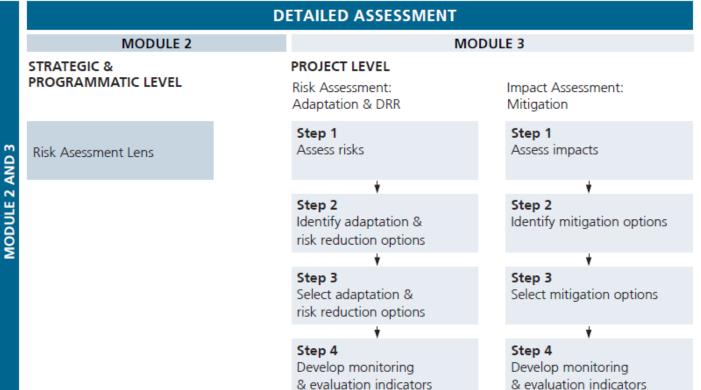
#### **Characteristics of the modules**

	MODULE 1 Risk and Impact Screening	MODULE 2 Detailed Assessment at Strategic & Programmatic Level Risk Assessment Lens	MODULE 3 Detailed Assessment at Project Level  Detailed Risk & Impact Assesement
What for	First screening	In depth assessment at strategic level	In depth assessment at project level
What	<ul> <li>Disaster risks from climate variability, climate change, environmental degradation and/or tectonic activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Disaster risks from climate variability, climate change, environmental degradation and/or tectonic activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Disaster risks from climate variability, climate change, environmental degradation and/or tectonic activities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Impacts on GHG emissions and/or the environment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Four step approach (steps A to D)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Impacts on GHG emissions and/or the environment</li> <li>Four step approach (steps 1 to 4)</li> </ul>
How	Proposed to conduct individually or participatory with involved project partners	Proposed to conduct in form of a workshop with project partners (assign at least three persons for preparation and planning of the workshop, moderation, prepara- tion of thematic inputs)	Proposed to conduct in form of a workshop with project partners (assign at least three persons for preparation and planning of the workshop, moderation, prepara- tion of thematic inputs)
Length	Max. 1-2 hours	Team process: 1.5 to 2 days  Plus variable time for preparation	Team process: 2 to 3 days  Plus variable time for preparation
When	Beginning of the planning pro- cess or new phase	As early as possible when strat- egy or programme planned	Elaboration of project document and credit proposal (as early as possible)
Who	NPO & country desk	SDC strategy team, ev. with selected partners	SDC programme officer and pro- ject team (including implement- ing partner)
Integration	Conclusions into entry proposal or in TOR for review, input in risk assessment	In the strategy or programme (Results framework)	In the planning document = PRODOC, Logframe and Credit Proposal (incl. its respective risk assessment part)

#### Application process









#### Supporting material

#### (I) Background material and policy frameworks:

HFA 2005: Hyogo Framework for Action 2005-2015 (outlining the international commitments and framework with regard to DRR): http://www.unisdr.org/2005/wcdr/intergover/official-doc/L-docs/Hyogo-framework-for-action-english.pdf.

#### (II) Handbooks, manuals and tools:

A. Olhoff and C. Schaer 2010: A Stocktaking Report on screening tools developed by UNDP (providing an overview of different tools and guidances available in order to mainstream adaptation into development cooperation).

#### (III) Knowledge platforms:

The Adaptation Learning Mechanism (ALM) (http://www.adaptationlearning.net/) is an interactive knowledge sharing platform implemented by the UNDP in collaboration with the World Bank, UNEP, UNFCCC

#### (IV) Data tools:

Adaptation Atlas (http://adaptationatlas.org/index.cfm) provides useful country specific mapping facilities.

#### Literature

Birkmann, J. et al. 2009: Addressing the Challenge: Recommendations and Quality Criteria for Linking Disaster Risk Reduction and Adaptation to Climate Change. In: Birkmann, Joern, Tetzlaff, Gerd, Zentel, Karl-Otto (eds.) DKKV Publication Series 38, Bonn.

#### Impacts on GHG emissions and the environment - guidance manuals:

EuropeAid Sector scripts (http://www.environment-integration.eu/component/option.com\_docman/ task,cat\_view/gid,109/Itemid,278/lang,en/) provide a good overview.

#### Calculating GHG emissions:

The following link provides a guideline how to calculate GHG emissions in energy related projects:

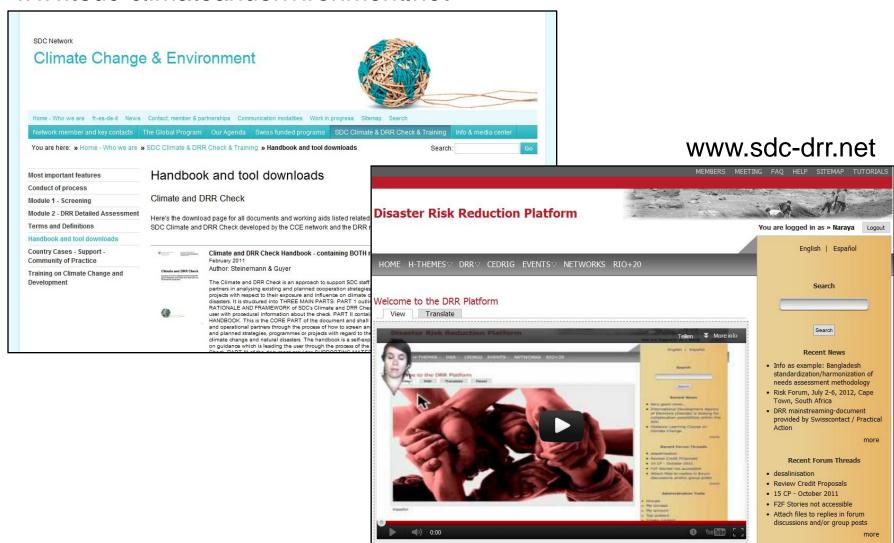
The GIZ 2011a (http://www2.gtz.de/dokumente/bib-2011/giz2011-0445de-klimawirkungen.pdf) provides a sourcebook containing a long list of sources regarding calculating GHG emissions.

#### **Defining indicators:**

You may find some ideas with regard to different kind of environmental, climate and other issues related indicators in the World Bank indicator database (http://data.worldbank.org/indicator/all).



#### www.sdc-climateandenvironment.net





# Thank you for your attention!

<u>www.sdc-climateandenvironment.net</u> <u>www.sdc-drr.net</u>







