

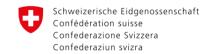
Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation SDC

## LEAVE NO ONE BEHIND Harvesting first experiences

## This event will start at 10:00 CET

16 October 2020





Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation SDC

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16 October 2020



## **Technical tips**



If you have comments or questions during presentation, post them in the chat



If you can't hear or see: close and restart webinar, and close other programs.



This webinar is being recorded and will be shared with staff for further learning purposes.



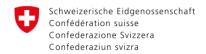
Microphones are off.

You are invited to use the chat to post comments or questions.









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#### Agenda

10:05 – 10:15 Key note by Thomas Gass

10:15 – 10:50 Sharing and discussing experiences by Fastenopfer (incl. Q&A)

10:50 – 10:55 Stretch Break

10:55 – 11:30 Sharing and discussing experiences by Kooperationsgemeinschaft (incl. Q&A)

11:30 – 11:45 Open space (Q&A)

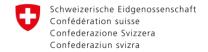
11:45 – 12:00 Conclusions by Frédéric Noirjean and Stephanie Guha





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#### **EVENT TEAM**



Antonia Does Moderator

Advisor Evaluation & Learning, Helvetas

Facilitator SDC Poverty-Wellbeing



Selina Bezzola Co-organizer

Junior Programme Officer Quality Assurance and Poverty Reduction Section / Eurasia division

Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC)



Estelle Gagnebin
Chat moderator

Academic Trainee
Quality Assurance and Poverty
Reduction Section

Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC)



Cesar Robles
Meta/tech facilitation

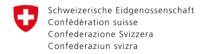
Senior Advisor Knowledge & Learning, Helvetas

Facilitator, SDC Poverty-Wellbeing



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#### SPEAKERS / HOSTS



Thomas Gass
Ambassador,
Head of the South Cooperation
Department,
Assistant Director General

Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC)



**Stephanie Guha**Focal Point Poverty Reduction/LNOB

Quality Assurance and Poverty Reduction Section Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC)



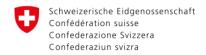
Frédéric Noirjean
Deputy Head, Institutional
Partnerships Division

Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC)



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#### **SPEAKERS**



**Dr Philip Mader** 

Institute of Development Studies

Research Fellow, Business Markets & the State research cluster



**Sandrine Cottier** 

Fastenopfer

Head of Programme Development



**Benno Steffen** 

Fastenopfer

Focal Point Solidarity
Group approaches &
Programme Manager
Nepal



Madeleine Bolliger

KoGe

Geschäftsführerin Ethnologin

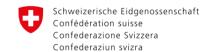


Sarah Makanjera

Salvation Army

Deputy Head of International Development





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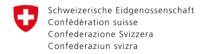
Thomas Gass Ambassador,

Head of the South
Cooperation Department,
Assistant Director General

Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC)







Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation SDC

## POLL

Where are you joining us from?















Dr Philip Mader
Institute of
Development Studies

Research Fellow, Business Markets & the State research cluster

**Sandrine Cottier** 

Fastenopfer

Head of Programme Development

**Benno Steffen** 

Fastenopfer

Focal Point Solidarity Group approaches & Programme Manager Nepal

#### **Stephanie Guha**

Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC)

Focal Point Poverty Reduction/LNOB

## Plug the leaky bucket!





Leave no one behind - Harvesting first experiences SDC Online event, 16 October 2020

## Fastenopfers Solidarity Group Approaches





#### What is it about



India 2570 Solidarity Groups

Since 1985 161,900 members, 51% women





1,045 Solidarity Groups Senegal

48,700 members, 86% women since 2005

Madagascar 9,872 Solidarity Groups

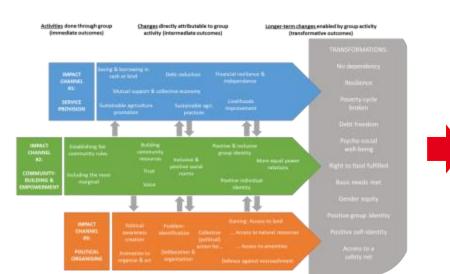
Since 1998 151,500 members, 49% women

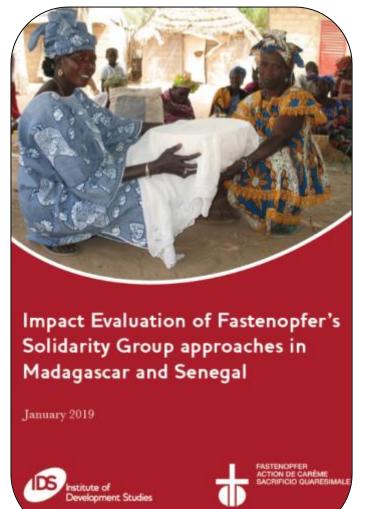


#### **Process**





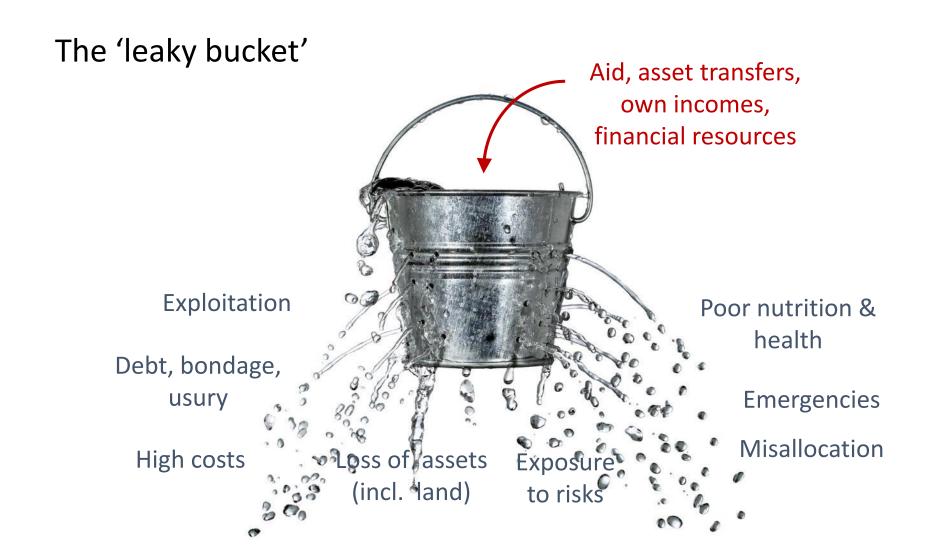






## What are Solidarity Groups?





## Saving & Lending in SGs



#### Funded with external capital

#### Internally funded by savings

#### Focus:

- finance facilitation
- individual success

#### Focus:

- collective solidarity
- community building

#### Institutional microfinance

**Self-Help Group** bank linkage

**Village Banking** (ROSCAs, VSLAs, Table Banking, Tontines, ...)

#### **Solidarity Groups**

collateral

The group as aggregator

Savings as down-

payment for loans

capital for individual projects

Loans for income generation

**Interest** usually charged

**Individually** paid-in

Wider community impacts possible but incidental

The **group** as **safety-net** 

Loans for **debt reduction**. basic needs, emergencies

No or low (<10%) interest

**Collectively** owned

Wider community impacts via **norm-shifting**, collective economy, organising, politicisation

The group as

No savings, or savings as a sideproduct

The group as **source of** 

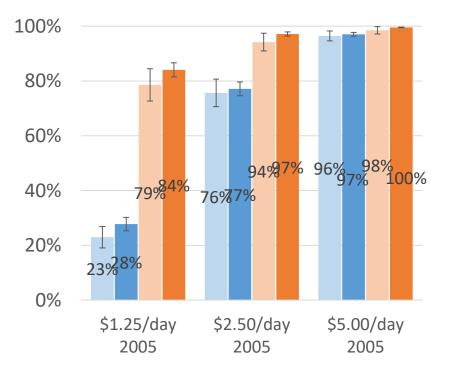




## LNOB: Reaching the poorest



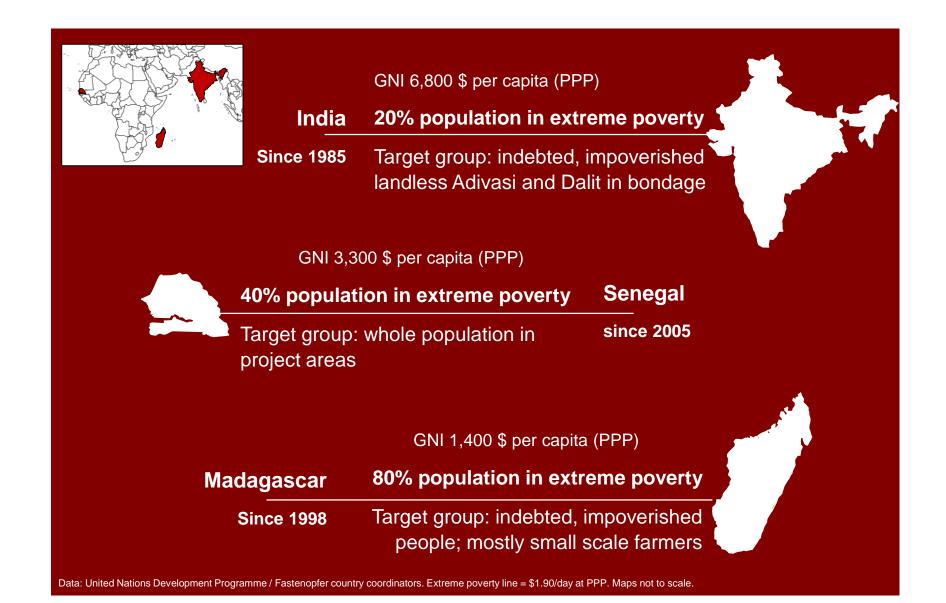
## Likelihood of households being counted as "poor" at poverty lines



- SGs include the very poor ('most vulnerable').
- 84% of members in MDG and 28% in SEN (of the sample) are likely to be extremely poor.
- On average, SG members are slightly poorer than nonmember neighbours.
- Non-members do not widely point to exclusion.

## LNOB: Targeting vs Mainstreaming







## 2018/19 impact evaluation



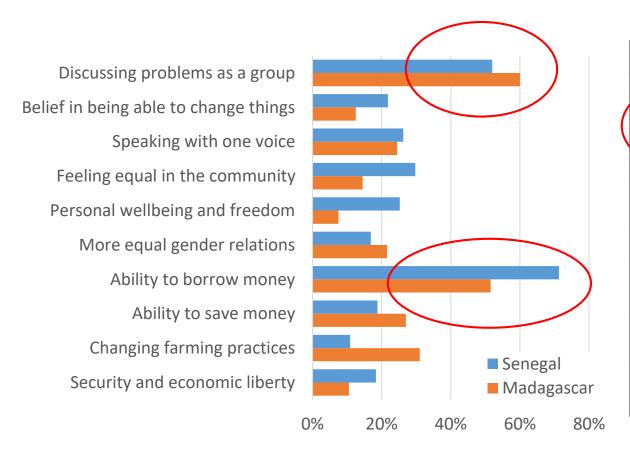
Led by Philip Mader (IDS) & Sémou Sow (Senegal) & Raphael Ratovoarinony (Madagascar)



## Overall impact findings



#### "Where has the SG made the greatest difference? Choose up to 3."

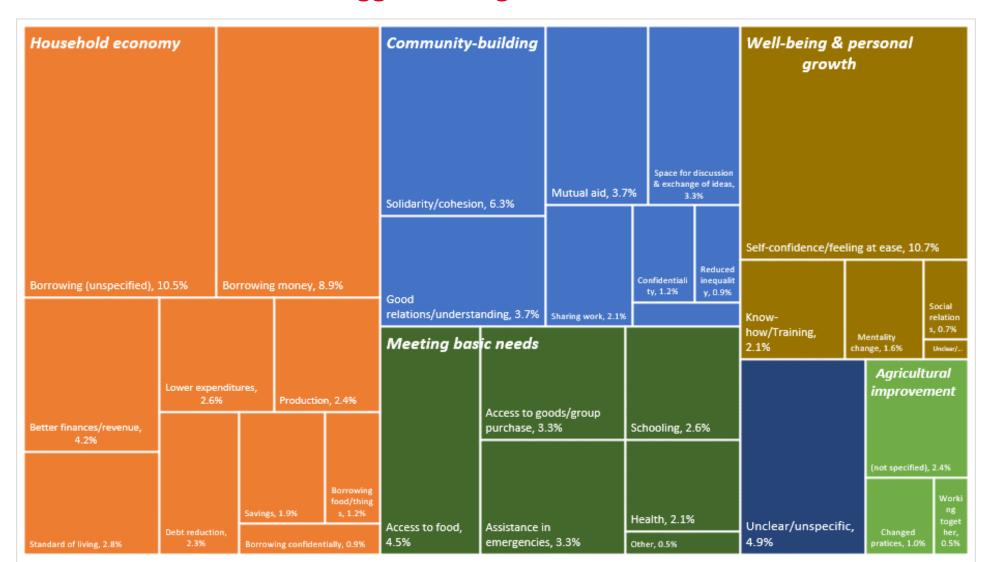


| Тор | 3 Senegal                                 |            |   |
|-----|---|------------|---|
| 1   | Ability to borrow money                   | 71%        |   |
| 2   | Discussing problems as a group            | 52%        |   |
| 3   | Feeling <del>equal in the</del> community | 30%        |   |
| Top | 3 Madagascar                              | /          |   |
|     | 5   |            | 1 |
| 7   | Discussing problems as a group            | 60%        | \ |
| 2   | 0.  | 60%<br>52% |   |

## Open question to members



#### "What have been the biggest changes?"





### Conclusions



Safety net first – opportunity second

Self-help and Human Rights based approaches, tread a fine balance

More resources, Ownership, local more potential for control, grassroots Autonomous, (faster) impact **Externally** self-help / legitimacy External control, risk resourced **HRBA** Limited resources = approaches of exploitation, approaches smaller/slower sustainability? impacts?

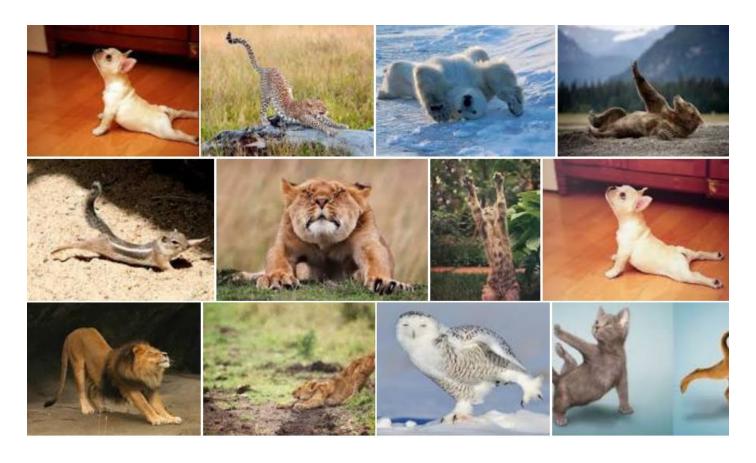
Common principles – different features: what works and what not is strongly linked to context

## Thank you





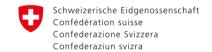
## Take a stretch break!



- Give your eyes a break from the screen
- Stretch out your arms and hands

- Stand up and stretch your back
- Or get a nice cup of coffee o tea :)





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16 October 2020

**WELCOME BACK** 







#### **Madeleine Bolliger**

KoGe

Geschäftsführerin Ethnologin



Sarah Makanjera

Salvation Army

Deputy Head of International Development

#### In conversation with



#### **Stephanie Guha**

Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC)

Focal Point Poverty Reduction/LNOB



### LNOB in KoGe's Programme



**Delivering SDG 16+** 

Peaceful, just and inclusive societies

























# How and why KoGe chose its conceptual framework SDG 16+

## SDG 16



Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

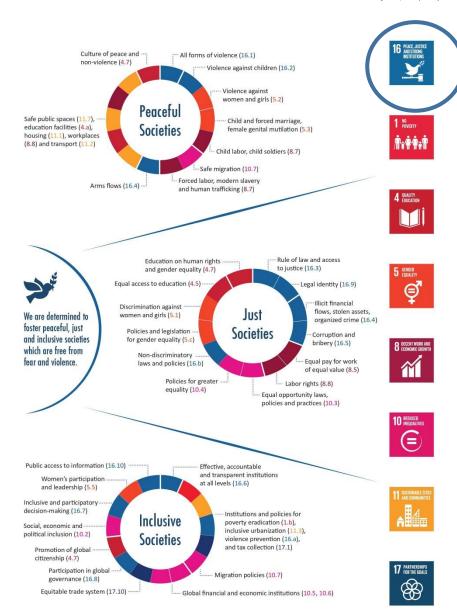
## SDG 16+ Framework of the PATHFINDERS



**PEACE** 

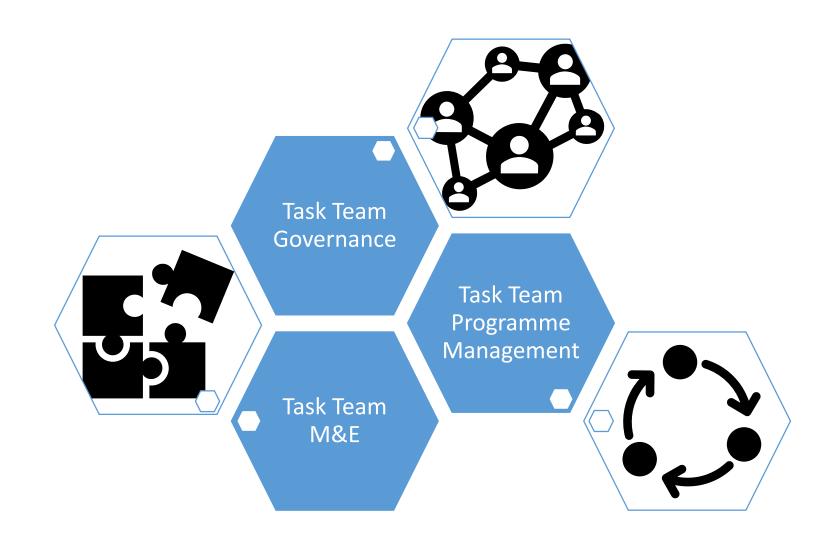
**JUSTICE** 

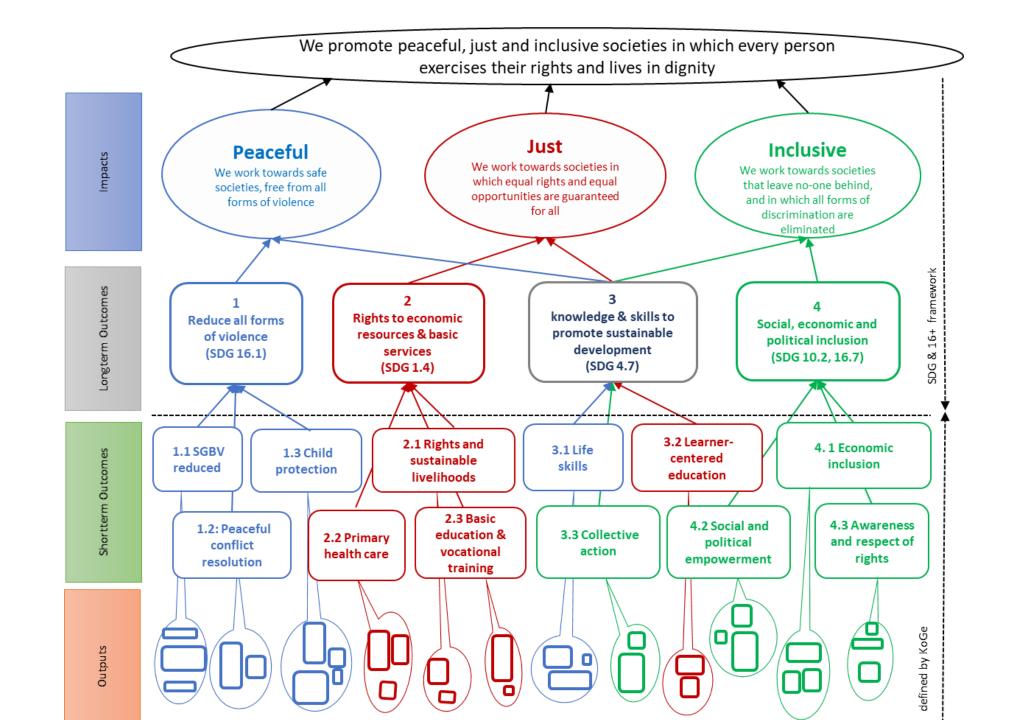
**INCLUSION** 



www.sdg16.plus

## [ Task Teams







# How KoGe members aligned their Programmes around SDG 16+

**Example of Salvation Army** 



## How KoGe's Results Framework contributes to LNOB

# [ LNOB in the Pathfinder's SDG 16+ Roadmap

"We know that significant improvements in peace, justice and inclusion will play a catalytic role in the achievement of the 2030 Agenda, with greatest benefits for those who are furthest behind."

#### [ LNOB in the KoGe Results Framework

Prevention of violence against vulnerable and marginalized groups

Ex. reduction of SGBV, peace initiatives at community level

Access to quality services for vulnerable and marginalized groups

Ex. access to quality health services and education for those left behind

Awareness and respect of rights of vulnerable and marginalized people

Ex. effective social and political participation of all

#### [ Who are the left behind groups?

At KoGe level we work specifically with

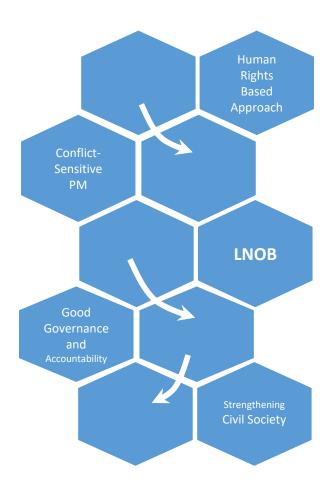
- Socially excluded such as adolescent girls and boys, children, female heads of household, persons with disabilities and LGBTI persons
- People living in extreme poverty, small scale farmers, people in highly remote and under-served areas, people without access to basic services
- Internally displaced and refugees
- Other specific groups such as sex workers, persons with stigmatizing illnesses or indigenous communities

### [ Measuring poverty and inclusion – where we stand

- KoGe's MEL system is based on the collection, aggregation and analysis of disaggregated data on gender, age and possibly disability
- Instead of disaggregating the annual reporting further, KoGe will apply the MSC method to LNOB
- Evaluations supported by the KoGe will take a LNOB-sensitive approach

### [ Way forward – learning together

KoGe Learning
Structure will take up
transversal themes
including LNOB!





# **LNOB in Practice**Examples from The Salvation Army (TSA)



#### **LNOB** in Practice

- TSA is a grassroots organisation is often already an integral part of the communities and focuses on building stronger relationships (trust)
- TSA has LNOB integrated in its DNA but has never conceptualised this approach or intentionally made this visible



### Salvation Army's Work with Bihari People Living with Leprosy in Bangladesh and their families





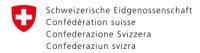
#### **Conclusions and Recommendations**



### Thank you



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#### **OPEN Q&A SPACE**



Dr Philip Mader

Institute of Development Studies



**Sandrine Cottier** 

Fastenopfer



**Benno Steffen** 

Fastenopfer



**Madeleine Bolliger** 

KoGe



Sarah Makanjera

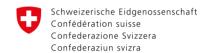
Salvation Army





**Estelle Gagnebin** *SDC* 





Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation SDC

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Frédéric Noirjean
Deputy Head, Institutional
Partnerships Division

Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC)





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CONCLUSION

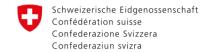
CLOSING REMARKS



Stephanie Guha
Focal Point Poverty Reduction/LNOB

Quality Assurance and Poverty Reduction Section Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC)





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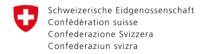
Do you have a few minutes to give us your feedback?

http://bit.ly/lnob-feedback





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Thank you for your attention!

Find more LNOB good practices at:

http://bit.ly/LNOB-goodpractices

