My main take away from day 1

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multiple drivers of exclusion by SDC; intersection of gender and other inequalities aggravating deprivation

Improtance of management commitment

In case the analysis were not conducted in the beginning it is never late to do it in between... but it is never ending process))

A good Gender analysis is exclusion sensitiv and a good exclusion anaylisis is gender sensitiv - it is a process and a never ending story

Similar approaches to the analysis of root causes.

Using different tools and even mixed tools are welcomed for the better implementation of the gender analysis

I liked more the presentation about "Examples of changes" I called it 4E, how better to put indicators, combination of the data (qualitative and quantitively,), also that gender issues more personal therefore changes happened slowly and need long-term efforts

GESI=LNOB

systematic approach for transformative change.

Include men and boys

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Gender analysis should be SI sensitive and SI analysis should be gender sensitive

It was great to touch upon the intersectionality of inequalities, which I will be presenting as a challenge tomorrow during the peer coaching session.

Behavioural change is so resistant because gender is a personal matter. For me, Barun's this statement was an eyeopener, though it is so obvious.

Importance of comprehensive gender equality and social inclusion analysis,

Still not feeling fully knowledgable of or comfortable with...



in regards of the analysis how to deals with recourses, human and time

I beilieve that by merging Ge and SI the women's rights are getting lost in the myriad of other issues.

Intersectionality dilemma: gender is a must, other vulnerabilities to be selected based on country context, strategic focus etc.

Existing tools to perform good GESI analysis

What changes with regards to current practice at SDC

My new emerging question(s)



How to push gender equality with other Swiss agencies (i.e. SECO) beside SDC in cooperation programs.

how to deal with overlapping inequalities

Who are knowledgeable partners in GESI? How to improve partners' capacity in GESI? What could be done by SDC itself, if more were invested in this thematic expertise?

How to translate analysis into action beyond capacity building and awaresness raising

How to deal with unanticipated outcomes in GESI ... linking GESI mainstreaming with adaptive management

including our self-assessment

good analysis (gender, GESI) does not necessarily lead to good project design

Gender analysis should be done early in the planning process, but it's never late

It is important to include gender and social exclusion analysis early on in programming

Gender and social exclusion is part of a same analysis

Importance of intersectionality